

# Fullständiga lösningar på några uppgifter i Kemi 2

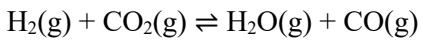
(Bokens tryckning: 2017 eller senare.)

Är det någon uppgift du saknar lösning på? I så fall får du gärna mejla meundervisning@ehinger.nu, så ska jag se om jag kan lägga till den!

Senast uppdaterat 2020-06-27.

## Kapitel 2

### 2.10



$$[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0,00468\text{M}$$

$$[\text{CO}] = 0,00468\text{M}$$

$$[\text{H}_2] = 0,00532$$

$$[\text{CO}_2] = 0,00532$$

$$K = \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{O}][\text{CO}]}{[\text{H}_2][\text{CO}_2]} = \frac{0,00468\text{M} \cdot 0,00468\text{M}}{0,00532\text{M} \cdot 0,00532\text{M}} = 0,77387077 \approx 0,774$$

### 2.12.

$$K = \frac{[\text{NO}]^2}{[\text{N}_2][\text{O}_2]}$$

$$1,4 \cdot 10^{-4} = \frac{x^2}{0,036\text{M} \cdot 0,0089\text{M}}$$

$$x^2 = 1,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 0,036\text{M} \cdot 0,0089\text{M}$$

$$x = \sqrt{1,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 0,036\text{M} \cdot 0,0089\text{M}} = 2,117924 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{M} \approx 2,1 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{M}$$

### 2.13



$$K = \frac{[\text{H}_2][\text{I}_2]}{[\text{HI}]^2}$$

$$0,020 = \frac{0,0200M \cdot [I_2]}{(1,33M)^2}$$

$$[I_2] = 0,020 \cdot \frac{(1,33M)^2}{0,0200M} = 1,7689M \approx 1,8M$$

## 2.14

$$K = \frac{[CO][H_2]^3}{[CH_4][H_2O]}$$

$$[H_2] = \sqrt[3]{\frac{[CH_4][H_2O]}{[CO]} \cdot K} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{0,200 \cdot 0,150}{1,37 \cdot 10^{-2}} \cdot 3,17 \cdot 10^{-5}M} = 0,04109793M \approx 0,0411M$$

## 2.16a

$$Q = \frac{[H_2][I_2]}{[HI]^2} = \frac{1,00 \cdot 1,00}{1,00^2} = 1 > K = 1,36 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Eftersom  $Q > K$  kommer reaktionen att gå åt höger.

### b

	[HI]	[H <sub>2</sub> ]	[I <sub>2</sub> ]	
f.r.	1,00	1,00	1,00	M
Δ	+2x	-x	-x	M
v.jv.	1,00 + 2x	1,00 - x	1,00 - x	M

$$K = \frac{[H_2][I_2]}{[HI]^2}$$

$$1,36 \cdot 10^{-3} = \frac{(1,00 - x)(1,00 - x)}{1,00 + 2x} = \frac{(1,00 - x)^2}{1,00 + 2x}$$

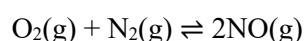
pq-formeln ger:

$$x = 0,937471$$

$$[HI] = (1,00 + 2x)M = (1,00 + 2 \cdot 0,937471)M = 2,874942M \approx 2,87M$$

$$[H_2] = [I_2] = (1,00 - x)M = (1,00 - 0,937471)M = 0,062529M \approx 0,0625M$$

## 2.22a



$$Q = \frac{[NO]^2}{[O_2][N_2]} = \frac{(0,22M)^2}{1,00M \cdot 1,0M} = 0,0484 < K = 0,097$$

Reaktionen kommer att gå åt höger.

	[O <sub>2</sub> ]	[N <sub>2</sub> ]	[NO]	
f.r.	1,0	1,0	0,22	M
Δ	-x	-x	+ 2x	M
v.j.	1,0 - x	1,0 - x	0,22 + 2x	M

$$K = \frac{[NO]^2}{[O_2][N_2]}$$

$$0,097 = \frac{(0,22 + 2x)^2}{(1,0 - x)(1,0 - x)} = \frac{(0,22 + 2x)^2}{(1,0 - x)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{0,097} = \sqrt{\frac{(0,22 + 2x)^2}{(1,0 - x)^2}} = \frac{0,22 + 2x}{1,0 - x}$$

$$\sqrt{0,097} \cdot (1,0 - x) = 0,22 + 2x$$

$$\sqrt{0,097} - \sqrt{0,097} \cdot x = 0,22 + 2x$$

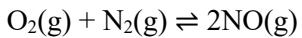
$$\sqrt{0,097} - 0,22 = 2x + \sqrt{0,097} \cdot x = x(2 + \sqrt{0,097})$$

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{0,097} - 0,22}{2 + \sqrt{0,097}} = 0,03956317$$

$$[O_2] = [N_2] = (1,0 - x)M = (1,0 - 0,03956317)M = 0,96043683M \approx 0,96M$$

$$[NO] = (0,22 + 2x)M = (0,22 + 2 \cdot 0,03956317)M = 0,29912635M \approx 0,30M$$

## 2.22b.



	[O <sub>2</sub> ]	[N <sub>2</sub> ]	[NO]	
f.r.	0,96... + 0,50	0,96...	0,299...	M
Δ	-x	-x	+ 2x	M
v.j.	0,96... + 0,50 - x	0,96... - x	0,299... + 2x	M

$$K = \frac{[NO]^2}{[O_2][N_2]}$$

$$0,097 = \frac{(0,29912635 + 2x)^2}{(0,96043683 + 0,50 - x)(0,96043683 - x)}$$

Ekvationen förenklas och löses med  $pq$ -formeln:

$$x_1 = -0,396803; \text{ orimligt}$$

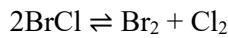
$$x_2 = 0,0300772$$

$$[\text{O}_2] = (0,96\ldots + 0,50 - 0,0300772)\text{M} = 1,43035963\text{M} \approx 1,43\text{M}$$

$$[\text{N}_2] = (0,96\ldots - 0,0300772)\text{M} = 0,93035963\text{M} \approx 0,93\text{M}$$

$$[\text{NO}] = (0,299\ldots + 2 \cdot , 0,0300772)\text{M} = 0,35928075\text{M} \approx 0,36\text{M}$$

## 2.28.



$$Q = \frac{[\text{Br}_2][\text{Cl}_2]}{[\text{BrCl}]^2} = \frac{(0,15\text{M})(0,15\text{M})}{(0,30\text{M})^2} = 0,25 < K = 0,46$$

Eftersom  $Q < K$  kommer reaktionen att gå åt höger.

	[BrCl]	[Br <sub>2</sub> ]	[Cl <sub>2</sub> ]	
f.r.	0,30	0,15	0,15	M
$\Delta$	$-2x$	$+x$	$+x$	M
v.jv.	$0,30 - 2x$	$0,15 + x$	$0,15 + x$	M

$$K = \frac{[\text{Br}_2][\text{Cl}_2]}{[\text{BrCl}]^2}$$

$$0,46 = \frac{(0,15 + x)(0,15 + x)}{(0,30 - 2x)^2} = \frac{(0,15 + x)^2}{(0,30 - 2x)^2}$$

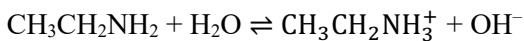
$$\sqrt{0,46} = \sqrt{\frac{(0,15 + x)^2}{(0,30 - 2x)^2}} = \frac{0,15 + x}{0,30 - 2x}$$

$x = 0,0226907$  (Vi kan bortse från rötternas negativa lösningar eftersom de ger orimliga resultat.)

$$[\text{BrCl}] = (0,30 - 2x)\text{M} = (0,30 - 2 \cdot 0,0226907)\text{M} = 0,2546186\text{M} \approx 0,25\text{M}$$

# Kapitel 3

## 3.14.



$$K_b = \frac{[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3^+][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2]}$$

	$[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2]$	$[\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3^+]$	$[\text{OH}^-]$	
f.r.	0,750	0	0	M
$\Delta$	$-x$	$+x$	$+x$	M
v.jv.	$0,750 - x$	$x$	$x$	M

$$5,6 \cdot 10^{-4} = \frac{x \cdot x}{0,750 - x} = \frac{x^2}{0,750 - x}$$

*pq*-formeln ger:

$x = 0,0202158$  (Rotens negativa lösning är orimlig.)

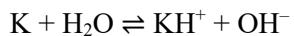
$$[\text{OH}^-] = xM = 0,0202158M \approx 0,020M$$

## 3.17a.

$$K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a} = \frac{1,0 \cdot 10^{-14} M^2}{6,2 \cdot 10^{-9} M} = 1,61290323 \cdot 10^{-6} M$$

## b.

Vi kan skriva kodeinet K.



$$K_b = \frac{[\text{KH}^+][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{K}]}$$

	$[\text{K}]$	$[\text{KH}^+]$	$[\text{OH}^-]$	
f.r.	0,0020	0	0	M
$\Delta$	$-x$	$+x$	$+x$	M
v.jv.	$0,0020 - x$	$x$	$x$	M

$$1,61290323 \cdot 10^{-6} = \frac{x \cdot x}{0,0020 - x} = \frac{x^2}{0,0020 - x}$$

*pq*-formeln ger:

$$x = 5,59955 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ (Rotens negativa lösning är orimlig.)}$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = xM = 5,59955 \cdot 10^{-5} M$$

$$\text{pOH} = -\lg[\text{OH}^-] = -\lg(5,59955 \cdot 10^{-5}) = 4,25184687$$

$$\text{pH} = 14,00 - \text{pOH} = 14,00 - 4,25184687 = 9,74815313 \approx 9,75$$

**3.30a.**

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a - \lg\left(\frac{c_{\text{syra}}}{c_{\text{bas}}}\right) = 4,76 - \lg\left(\frac{0,050}{0,10}\right) = 5,06103000 \approx 5,06$$

**b.**

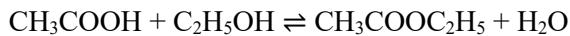
$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a - \lg\left(\frac{c_{\text{syra}}}{c_{\text{bas}}}\right) = 9,24 - \lg\left(\frac{0,25}{0,15}\right) = 9,01815125 \approx 9,02$$

**c.**

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a - \lg\left(\frac{c_{\text{syra}}}{c_{\text{bas}}}\right) = 7,05 - \lg\left(\frac{0,15}{0,45}\right) = 7,52712125 \approx 7,53$$

## Kapitel 5

**5.32.**



$$Q = \frac{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5][\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}][\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}]} = \frac{0,40\text{M} \cdot 0,40\text{M}}{0,15\text{M} \cdot 0,15\text{M}} = 7,11111111 > K = 4,0$$

Eftersom  $Q > K$  kommer reaktionen att gå åt vänster.

	[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}]	[\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}]	[\text{CH}_3\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5]	[\text{H}_2\text{O}]	
f.r.	0,15	0,15	0,40	0,40	M
$\Delta$	$+x$	$+x$	$-x$	$-x$	M
v.jv.	$0,15 + x$	$0,15 + x$	$0,40 - x$	$0,40 - x$	M

$$K = \frac{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5][\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}][\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}]}$$

$$4,0 = \frac{(0,40 - x)(0,40 - x)}{(0,15 + x)(0,15 + x)} = \frac{(0,40 - x)^2}{(0,15 + x)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{4,0} = \sqrt{\frac{(0,40 - x)^2}{(0,15 + x)^2}}$$

$$2,0 = \frac{0,40 - x}{0,15 + x}$$

$x = 0,03333333$  (Rotens negativa lösning är orimlig.)

$$[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}] = [\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}] = (0,15 + x)\text{M} = (0,15 + 0,03333333)\text{M} = 0,18333333\text{M} \approx 0,18\text{M}$$

$$[\text{CH}_3\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5] = [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = (0,40 - x)\text{M} = (0,40 - 0,03333333)\text{M} = 0,36666667\text{M} \approx 0,37\text{M}$$